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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/678,328	10/03/2003	Gaston S. Ormazabal	03-1506	2567
25537 VERIZON	7590 10/24/200	EXAMINER		
PATENT MANAGEMENT GROUP 1515 N. COURTHOUSE ROAD SUITE 500 ARLINGTON, VA 22201-2909			HOFFMAN, BRANDON S	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2136	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
,	•		10/24/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/678,328	ORMAZABAL ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Brandon S. Hoffman	2136					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filled, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>14 August 2007</u> .							
·— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are rejected.		,					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b)⊡ objected to by the	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary						
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Claims 1-14 are pending in this office action.
- 2. Applicant's arguments, filed August 14, 2007, have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Claim Rejections

3. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. <u>Claims 1-7 and 9-13</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>McClure et al.</u> (U.S. Patent Pub. No. 2003/0195861) in view of <u>Edmison et al.</u> (U.S. Patent Pub. No. 2003/0115321).

Regarding <u>claims 1, 5, and 9, McClure et al.</u> teaches a firewall test system/method, comprising:

- A first test device located on an untrusted side of said firewall (fig. 1, ref. num
 104), the first test device including:
 - A session signal generator for transmitting a communications session
 initiation signal using an IP address corresponding to said signal source to

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establish a communications session to be conducted through said firewall (fig. 5 and paragraph 0013);

A probe signal generator for generating test signals at a range of ports in a
first side of said firewall through which media signals may be transmitted
when said ports are open, said test signals including said IP address
(paragraph 0130).

McClure et al. does not teach timing synchronization circuitry for synchronizing said session signal generator and said probe signal generator to at least one of another test device and a clock signal source located external to said first test device and a second test device located on a trusted side of said firewall, the second test device including: means for monitoring a second side of said firewall to detect any transmitted test signals that pass through said firewall and an analysis module for identifying any open ports that are not associated with an established communications session, which passed at least one of said transmitted test signals, as erroneously open ports.

Edmison et al. teaches timing synchronization circuitry for synchronizing said session signal generator and said probe signal generator to at least one of another test device and a clock signal source located external to said first test device (fig. 2, ref. num 42 and paragraph 0040-0041) and a second test device located on a trusted side of said firewall, the second test device including (fig. 1, ref. num 10 and 20): means for monitoring a second side of said firewall to detect any transmitted test signals that pass

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through said firewall (paragraph 0040) and an analysis module for identifying any open ports that are not associated with an established communications session, which passed at least one of said transmitted test signals, as erroneously open ports (paragraph 0010).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to combine timing synchronization circuitry for synchronizing and an analysis module for identifying any open ports that are not associated with an established communications session, which passed at least one of said transmitted test signals, as erroneously open ports, as taught by Edmison et al., with the method/system of McClure et al. It would have been obvious for such modifications because synchronizing the times between the two test devices timestamps for accurate measurements between the two test devices and a carrier can determine performance/safety problems based on erroneously open ports.

Regarding <u>claims 2 and 10</u>, <u>McClure et al.</u> as modified by <u>Edmison et al.</u> teaches wherein said probe signal generator generates IP packets which include said IP address as a source address (see paragraph 0035 of McClure et al.).

Regarding <u>claims 3 and 11</u>, <u>McClure et al.</u> as modified by <u>Edmison et al.</u> teaches wherein said analysis module includes:

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Means for determining from at least one session initiation signal at least one port
associated with the established communication session that should be open (see
paragraph 0361 of McClure et al.); and

Means for generating an error signal indicating that said at least one port
associated with the established communication session is erroneously closed if a
test signal is not detected passing through said port to the second side of said
firewall (see fig. 3, ref. num 339 of McClure et al.).

Regarding <u>claims 4 and 13</u>, <u>McClure et al.</u> as modified by <u>Edmison et al.</u> teaches wherein said first test device further includes:

- An analysis module for monitoring the second side of said firewall to determine if said first test signal passed through said firewall (see fig. 3, ref. num 324, 326, and 339 of McClure et al.); and
- A report generation module for reporting a firewall error if it is determined that said first signal passed through said firewall (see paragraph 0032 of McClure et al.).

Regarding <u>claims 6 and 7</u>, <u>McClure et al.</u> as modified by <u>Edmison et al.</u> teaches wherein further comprising:

Operating the [first/second] test device to communicate information identifying
 ports through which test signals were detected passing through said firewall from

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the [second/first] side to the [second/first] test device (see fig. 4 of McClure et al.); and

Operating the [second/first] test device to generate a test report including
information about the status of unidirectional ports used to communicate signals
from the first side to the second side and unidirectional ports used to
communicate signals from the second side to the first side (see fig. 2, ref. num
212 of McClure et al.).

Regarding claim 12, McClure et al. as modified by Edmison et al. teaches wherein the test signal generator of said first test device includes means for transmitting a first test signal at the first side of said network firewall from the signal source using an IP address that is not associated with any ongoing communications session being conducted through said firewall prior to said communications session initiation signal being generated (see paragraph 0034 of McClure et al.).

Claims 8 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McClure et al. (U.S. PG Pub. 2003/0195861) in view of Edmison et al. (U.S. PG Pub. 2003/0115321), and further in view of Read (U.S. Patent Pub. No. 2004/0028035).

Regarding <u>claims 8 and 14</u>, <u>McClure et al./Edmison et al.</u> teaches all the limitations of claims 1, 3, 5, 7, and 9. However, <u>McClure et al./Edmison et al.</u> does not

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teach wherein said session signal generates at least one of SIP and H.323 compliant

signals.

Read teaches wherein said session signal generates at least one of SIP and

H.323 compliant signals (paragraph 0094).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the

invention was made, to combine using SIP or H.323 compliant signals, as taught by

Read, with the method/system of McClure et al./Edmison et al. It would have been

obvious for such modifications because SIP and H.323 are common signals for

generating sessions between computers using TCP and UDP for transmitting voice

data.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant argues:

a. There is no mention of a firewall in Edmison et al.; therefore there can be

no testing of a firewall.

b. There is no teaching in Edmison et al. of identifying any open ports that

are not associated with said established communication session.

c. There is no teaching in Edmison et al. of identifying any ports as

erroneously open ports.

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Regarding argument (a), examiner disagrees with applicant. Applicant is right in that there is no mention of a "firewall" anywhere in the cited Edmison et al. reference. However, the word firewall does not need to appear so long as there is an item that acts and behaves like a firewall present in the reference. McClure is the reference cited for actually teaching testing a firewall, as shown in figure 1. Edmison et al. has hardware that is tested (figure 1, reference number 10 and 20) and gives each received packet a certain treatment (paragraph 0040).

Regarding argument (b), examiner disagrees with applicant. Argument (b) and (c) make a one limitation – the pieces cannot be argued individually. The limitation calls for identifying open ports not associated with the current session as erroneously open ports. McClure teaches, at paragraph 0130, that TCP packets are sent to all ports and packets that get a timeout are in response to closed ports. Paragraph 0040 of Edmison et al. teaches of "in profile" and "out of profile" counts that stores the number of conforming packets and non-conforming packets, respectively. The packets are considered erroneous when they non-conform, as indicated by the count.

Regarding argument (c), examiner disagrees with applicant. This limitation is part of argument (b), and was addressed there instead.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brandon S. Hoffman whose telephone number is 571-272-3863. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nasser G. Moazzami can be reached on 571-272-4195. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Brandon Hoffman/

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